Amendment dated <u>June 28, 2006</u>
Reply to the Office Action of March 28, 2006

### REMARKS

Upon entry of the foregoing amendment, claims 1-27 are pending in the application. By this Amendment, claim 1 is amended and claims 23-27 are added. No new matter is being presented. In view of the following remarks, reconsideration and allowance of all the pending claims are requested.

Applicants note with appreciation the Examiner's indication that each of the references cited in the Information Disclosure Statement of March 3, 2004 have been considered.

### A. Allowable Subject Matter

Applicants note with appreciation the Examiner's indication that claim 5 would be allowable if rewritten in independent form.

## B. §112, Second Paragraph, Rejection

The Examiner rejects claims 7 and 15 under 35 U.S.C. §112, second paragraph, as being indefinite without providing a full explanation of the deficiency of the claims and without identifying or explaining why any particular term(s) or limitation(s) render the claims indefinite. See MPEP §706.03(d). Applicants respectfully traverse this rejection, and assert that claims 7 and 15 particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which the applicants regard as their invention, as required by 35 U.S.C. §112, second paragraph. Accordingly, claims 7 and 15 satisfy the requirements of 35 U.S.C. §112, second paragraph. Thus, reconsideration and withdrawal of this rejection are respectfully requested.

## C. §103 Rejection over Richerzhagen in view of Yamamoto

The Examiner rejects claims 1-4, 6, 9, and 16-22 under 35 U.S.C. §103(a) as being obvious over <u>Richerzhagen</u> (U.S. Patent No. 5,902,499) in view of <u>Yamamoto</u> (U.S. Patent No. 5,482,660). Applicants respectfully traverse this rejection for at least the following reasons.

The Examiner asserts that <u>Richerzhagen</u> describes a laser and a liquid jet for material machining. Specifically, the Examiner asserts that <u>Richerzhagen</u> describes that: "[i]t is the object of the invention to create an arrangement with which a laser beam can be coupled optimally with a fluid jet for material processing, without damage being caused to the nozzle that

Amendment dated <u>June 28, 2006</u> Reply to the Office Action of March 28, 2006

produces the fluid jet by the laser radiation." See <u>Richerzhagen</u> at col. 1, lines 63-66. The Examiner alleges that <u>Richerzhagen</u> discloses every limitation of independent claims 1 and 16, but that "<u>Richerzhagen</u> does not teach the presence of a wafer or a stage." For at least the reasons discussed below, it is respectfully submit that <u>Richerzhagen</u> does not disclose or suggest any limitation of method claims 1 and 16.

Specifically, <u>Richerzhagen</u> does not teach or suggest the usage of the fluid jet in a method of fabricating an ink-jet print head or a method of fabricating an ink-jet print head using a liquid-jet guided laser, as required by claims 16 and 1, respectively. Further, <u>Richerzhagen</u> does not teach or suggest a method that includes a process of forming an ink feeding port through a wafer which constitutes an ink-jet print head, as required by claim 1. Still further, <u>Richerzhagen</u> does not teach or suggest an ink feeding port forming process that includes fixing a wafer to a stage in a chamber to perform the process, and processing the ink feeding port in the wafer to a desired depth using a liquid-jet guided laser, as required by claim 1. Moreover, <u>Richerzhagen</u> does not teach or suggest forming an ink-jet print head on a wafer using a liquid-jet guided laser, as required by claim 16. Thus, for at least these reasons, <u>Richerzhagen</u> does not teach or suggest every limitation of claims 1 and 16.

The Examiner cites <u>Yamamoto</u> as remedying the deficiencies of <u>Richerzhagen</u>. However, it is respectfully submitted that <u>Yamamoto</u> does not remedy the deficiencies of <u>Richerzhagen</u>, at least because Yamamoto does not teach or suggest the usage of a fluid jet to form an ink jet print head. Specifically, <u>Yamamoto</u> also does not teach or suggest a method of fabricating an ink-jet print head using a liquid-jet guided laser, as required by claim 1. Further, although <u>Yamamoto</u> describes forming discharge ports by applying an excimer laser to a discharge port plate 16 (see col. 6, lines 32-36 of <u>Yamamoto</u>), <u>Yamamoto</u> also does not teach or suggest a method that includes a process of forming an ink feeding port (i.e., the ink supply port 10 of <u>Yamamoto</u>) through a wafer which constitutes an ink-jet print head, as required by claim 1. Still further, <u>Yamamoto</u> also does not teach or suggest an ink feeding port forming process that includes fixing a wafer to a stage in a chamber to perform the process, and processing the ink feeding port in the wafer to a desired depth using a liquid-jet guided laser, as

Amendment dated <u>June 28, 2006</u> Reply to the Office Action of March 28, 2006

required by claim 1. Moreover, <u>Yamamoto</u> also does not teach or suggest forming an ink-jet print head on a wafer using a liquid-jet guided laser, as required by claim 16.

Thus, for at least these reasons, <u>Richerzhagen</u>, alone or in view of <u>Yamamoto</u>, does not teach or suggest every limitation of claims 1 and 16. Accordingly, claims 1 and 16 are patentable over <u>Richerzhagen</u>, alone or in view of <u>Yamamoto</u>. Claims 2-4, 6, and 9 depend from claim 1 and thus include all of the limitations of claim 1. Claims 17-22 depend from claim 16 and thus include all of the limitations of claim 16. Accordingly, these dependent claims are patentable over <u>Richerzhagen</u>, alone or in view of <u>Yamamoto</u>, for at least the same reasons that claims 1 and 16 are patentable over <u>Richerzhagen</u>, alone or in view of <u>Yamamoto</u>.

In addition, it is respectfully submitted that Richerzhagen cannot be used in combination with Yamamoto for the purposes of an obviousness rejection. In order to rely on Richerzhagen as a basis for an obviousness rejection, Richerzhagen must be analogous prior art. To be analogous prior art, Richerzhagen must either be in the field of the claimed invention, or must be reasonably pertinent to the problem with which the claimed invention is concerned. See *In re Oetiker*, 977 F.2d 1443 and MPEP §2141.01(a). It is respectfully submitted that Richerzhagen is not in the field of claims 1-4, 6, 9, and 16-22, i.e., Richerzhagen is not in the field of fabricating an ink jet print head. Furthermore, it is respectfully submitted that Richerzhagen is not reasonably pertinent to the problem with which claims 1-4, 6, 9, and 16-22 are concerned, i.e., Richerzhagen is not reasonably pertinent to forming an ink feeding port through a wafer which constitutes an ink jet print head (claims 1-4, 6, and 9) or to forming an ink jet print head on a wafer (claims 16-22). Accordingly, Richerzhagen is not analogous prior art under *In re Oetiker* and MPEP §2141.01(a). Thus, for this reason also, claims 1-4, 6, 9, and 16-22 are patentable over Richerzhagen, alone or in view of Yamamoto.

However, even assuming arguendo that it were proper to combine the fluid jet of <a href="Richerzhagen">Richerzhagen</a> with the ink jet print head of <a href="Yamamoto">Yamamoto</a>, that combination of <a href="Richerzhagen">Richerzhagen</a> and <a href="Yamamoto">Yamamoto</a> would neither teach nor suggest the Applicants' method of forming an ink jet feeding port through a wafer which constitutes an ink jet print head, not would this combination teach or suggest the Applicants' ink feeding port forming process.

Amendment dated \_\_\_\_\_\_ June 28, 2006 Reply to the Office Action of March 28, 2006

For at least the reasons discussed above, reconsideration and withdrawal of this rejection are respectfully requested.

# D. §103 Rejection over Richerzhagen in view of Yamamoto & Hashimoto

The Examiner rejects claims 8 and 10-14 under 35 U.S.C. §103(a) as being obvious over Richerzhagen in view of Yamamoto and further in view of Hashimoto (U.S. Patent Application Publication No. 2004/0246292). Applicants respectfully traverse this rejection for at least the following reasons.

#### 1. Claim 8

Claim 1, <u>Richerzhagen</u>, and <u>Yamamoto</u> are discussed above. For at least the reasons discussed above, <u>Richerzhagen</u>, and <u>Yamamoto</u>, alone or in combination, do not teach or suggest every limitation of claim 1.

The Examiner cites <u>Hashimoto</u> and asserts that <u>Hashimoto</u> describes separating a chip from a silicon wafer by etching the wafer along a separating line parallel to a first direction of the wafer and dicing the wafer along a separation line parallel to a second direction of the wafer. See the abstract of Hashimoto. However, Applicants respectfully submit that Hashimoto does not remedy the deficiencies of Richerzhagen and Yamamoto. Specifically, Hashimoto also does not teach or suggest a method of fabricating an ink-jet print head using a liquid-jet guided laser, a method that includes a process of forming an ink feeding port through a wafer which constitutes an ink-jet print head, and an ink feeding port forming process that includes fixing the wafer to a stage in a chamber to perform the process and processing the ink feeding port in the wafer to a desired depth using the liquid-jet guided laser, as required by claim 1. Thus, for at least these reasons, Richerzhagen, alone or in view of Yamamoto and further in view of <u>Hashimoto</u>, does not disclose or suggest every limitation of claim 1. Accordingly, claim 1 is patentable over Richerzhagen, alone or in view of Yamamoto and further in view of Hashimoto. Claim 8 depends from claim 1 and thus includes all of the limitations of claim 1. Accordingly, claim 8 is patentable over Richerzhagen, alone or in view of Yamamoto and further in view of Hashimoto, for at least the same reasons that claim 1 is patentable over Richerzhagen, alone or in view of Yamamoto and further in view of Hashimoto.

Amendment dated \_\_\_\_\_\_June 28, 2006 Reply to the Office Action of March 28, 2006

In addition, for the reasons discussed above, it is respectfully submitted that Richerzhagen cannot be used in combination with Yamamoto or Hashimoto for the purposes of an obviousness rejection under *In re Oetiker* and MPEP §2141.01(a). Specifically, it is respectfully submitted that Richerzhagen is not analogous prior art because Richerzhagen is not in the field of claim 8, i.e., Richerzhagen is not in the field of fabricating an ink jet print head, and because Richerzhagen is not reasonably pertinent to the problem with which claim 8 is concerned, i.e., Richerzhagen is not reasonably pertinent to forming an ink feeding port through a wafer which constitutes an ink jet print head. Accordingly, Richerzhagen is not analogous prior art under *In re Oetiker* and MPEP §2141.01(a). Thus, for this reason also, claim 8 is patentable over Richerzhagen, alone or in view of Yamamoto and further in view of Hashimoto.

For at least the reasons discussed above, reconsideration and withdrawal of this rejection of claim 8 are respectfully requested.

## 2. <u>Claims 10-14</u>

As admitted by the Examiner at page 3, line 19 of the Office Action, <u>Richerzhagen</u> and <u>Yamamoto</u> each do not teach or suggest the claimed dicing process of dicing a wafer of claim 10. Thus, claim 10 is patentable over <u>Richerzhagen</u>, alone or in view of <u>Yamamoto</u>.

As discussed above, the Examiner cites <u>Hashimoto</u> and asserts that <u>Hashimoto</u> describes separating a chip from a silicon wafer by etching the wafer along a separating line parallel to a first direction of the wafer and dicing the wafer along a separation line parallel to a second direction of the wafer. See the abstract of <u>Hashimoto</u>. However, Applicants respectfully submit that <u>Hashimoto</u> does not remedy the deficiencies of <u>Richerzhagen</u>, and <u>Yamamoto</u>. Specifically, <u>Hashimoto</u> does not disclose or suggest a dicing process of dicing a wafer formed with a plurality of print heads using a liquid-jet guided laser, as required by claim 10. In fact, <u>Hashimoto</u> teaches away from claim 10 by describing dicing using a cutter blade to cut the silicon wafer into chips. See <u>Hashimoto</u> throughout the specification and figures, for example at paragraphs [0012], [0189], [0193], [0199], [0288], [0289], [0296] – [0299], [0303] – [0305], [0308], and Figs. 31-35 (dicing blade 231).

Amendment dated \_\_\_\_\_\_ June 28, 2006
Reply to the Office Action of March 28, 2006

Thus, for at least these reasons, <u>Richerzhagen</u>, alone or in view of <u>Yamamoto</u> and further in view of <u>Hashimoto</u>, does not disclose or suggest every limitation of claim 10. Accordingly, claim 10 is patentable over <u>Richerzhagen</u>, alone or in view of <u>Yamamoto</u> and further in view of <u>Hashimoto</u>. Claims 11-14 depend from claim 10 and thus include all of the limitations of claim 10. Accordingly, claims 11-14 are patentable over <u>Richerzhagen</u>, alone or in view of <u>Yamamoto</u> and further in view of <u>Hashimoto</u>, for at least the same reasons that claim 10 is patentable over <u>Richerzhagen</u>, alone or in view of <u>Yamamoto</u> and further in view of <u>Hashimoto</u>.

In addition, for the reasons discussed above, it is respectfully submitted that Richerzhagen cannot be used in combination with Yamamoto or Hashimoto for the purposes of an obviousness rejection under *In re Oetiker* and MPEP §2141.01(a). Specifically, it is respectfully submitted that Richerzhagen is not analogous prior art because Richerzhagen is not in the field of claims 10-14, i.e., Richerzhagen is not in the field of fabricating an ink jet print head, and because Richerzhagen is not reasonably pertinent to the problem with which claims 10-14 are concerned, i.e., Richerzhagen is not reasonably pertinent to dicing a wafer formed with a plurality of print heads. Accordingly, Richerzhagen is not analogous prior art under *In re Oetiker* and MPEP §2141.01(a). Thus, for this reason also, claims 10-14 are patentable over Richerzhagen, alone or in view of Yamamoto and further in view of Hashimoto.

For at least the reasons discussed above, reconsideration and withdrawal of this rejection are respectfully requested.

## E. <u>New Claims</u>

By this Amendment, claims 23-27 are added. Support for new claims 23-27 can be found throughout the specification, for example at paragraphs [0055], [0067], [0073], and [0078].

## F. Conclusion

It is respectfully submitted that a full and complete response has been made to the outstanding Office Action and, as such, there being no other objections or rejections, this application is in condition for allowance, and a notice to this effect is earnestly solicited.

Amendment dated \_\_\_\_\_\_ June 28, 2006 Reply to the Office Action of March 28, 2006

If the Examiner believes, for any reason, that personal communication will expedite prosecution of this application, the Examiner is invited to telephone the undersigned at the number provided below.

If any further fees are required in connection with the filing of this amendment, please charge the same to out Deposit Account No. 502827.

Respectfully submitted,

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Dated: \_\_\_\_ June 28, 2006

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